## 4<sup>th</sup> Nine Weeks: Scope and Sequence

## **Grade 12 Social Science- Economics**

Content Standards	Dates Taught	% of Students scoring over 70%	Dates Re-taught (Optional)	Formative and Summative Assessments/ (Any Additional Comments Optional)
6.) Describe how specialization and voluntary exchange between buyers and sellers lead to mutually beneficial outcomes [Approx. 1 week]				
<ul> <li>Illustrating on a circular-flow diagram the product market; the factor market; the real flow of goods and services between and among businesses, households, and government; and the flow of money</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Constructing examples of specialization and exchange</li> </ul>				
Illustrating on a table and graph the law of supply and demand				
<ul> <li>Describing the role of buyers and sellers in determining market clearing price</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Illustrating on a table and graph how supply and demand determine equilibrium price and quantity</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Illustrating on a graph of supply and demand how price movements eliminate shortages and surpluses</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Illustrating on a graph how different factors cause changes in a market supply and demand</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Explaining how prices serve as incentives in a market economy</li> </ul>				
7.) Describe the organization and role of business. [Approx. 2 weeks]				
<ul> <li>Comparing types of business firms, including sole proprietorships, partnerships, and corporations</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Explaining the role of profit as an incentive, including short- term versus long-run decisions, for all firms</li> </ul>				
Describing basic characteristics of pure competition, monopoly, monopolistic competition, and oligopoly				

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<ul> <li>Explaining ways firms finance operations, including retained earnings, stocks, and debt, and the advantages and disadvantages of each</li> </ul>				
Explaining ways firms engage in price and nonprice competition				
Recognizing the role of economic institutions, including labor unions and nonprofit organizations, in market economies				
8.) Explain the impact of the labor market on the United States' economy. [Std. 8 & 9, Approx. 2 weeks]				
<ul> <li>Identifying regional characteristics of the labor force of the United States, including gender, race, socioeconomic background, education, age, and regional specialization</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Explaining how supply of and demand for labor affect wages</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Describing characteristics that are most likely to increase wage and nonwage benefits, including skill, productivity, education, occupation, and mobility</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Explaining how unemployment and inflation impose costs on individuals and nations</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Determining the relationship of Alabama and the United States to the global economy regarding current technological innovations and industries (Alabama)</li> <li>Examples: World Wide Web, peanut industry, telecommunications industry, aerospace industry</li> </ul>				
Tracing the history of labor unions and methods of contract negotiation by labor and management (Alabama)				
9.) Describe methods used to measure overall economic activity, including the Gross Domestic Product (GDP), the Consumer Price Index (CPI), inflation, and unemployment. [Std. 8 & 9, Approx. 2 weeks]				
<ul> <li>Explaining how overall levels of income, employment, and prices are determined by spending decisions of households, businesses, and government; net exports in the short run; and production decisions of firms and technology in the long run</li> <li>Identifying structural, cyclical, and frictional unemployment</li> </ul>				

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<ul> <li>Describing stages of the business cycle and how employment and inflation change during those stages</li> </ul>				
10.) Explain the structure, role, and functions of the United States Federal Reserve System. [Std. 10 & 11, Approx. 1 week]				
<ul> <li>Describing how the United States Federal Reserve System oversees the banking system and regulates the quantity of money in the economy</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Defining monetary policy</li> <li>Describing how the central bank uses its tools of monetary policy to promote price stability, full employment, and</li> </ul>				
economic growth  11.) Explain how the government uses fiscal policy to promote the				
economic goals of price stability, full employment, and economic growth. [Std. 10 & 11, Approx. 1 weeks]				
Defining fiscal policy and the use of taxation and government purchases				
<ul> <li>Comparing government deficits and the national debt</li> <li>12.) Explain why individuals, businesses, and governments trade goods and services in the global economy. [Approx. 1 week]</li> </ul>				
Defining absolute advantage and comparative advantage				
<ul> <li>Explaining how gains from trade, whether between two individuals or two countries, are based on the principle of comparative advantage</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Defining exchange rates</li> <li>Explaining how changes in exchange rates impact purchasing</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>powers of individuals and businesses</li> <li>Explaining tariffs, quotas, embargoes, standards, and subsidies as trade barriers</li> </ul>				
Explaining why countries sometimes impose trade barriers and sometimes advocate free trade				